

# Matrix

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```
theory Matrix
imports Main HOL-Library.Lattice-Algebras
begin

type-synonym 'a infmatrix = nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a

definition nonzero-positions :: (nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a::zero) ⇒ (nat × nat) set where
nonzero-positions A = {pos. A (fst pos) (snd pos) ∼= 0}

definition matrix = {(f::(nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a::zero)). finite (nonzero-positions f)}

typedef (overloaded) 'a matrix = matrix :: (nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a::zero) set
⟨proof⟩

declare Rep-matrix-inverse[simp]

lemma matrix-eqI:
fixes A B :: 'a::zero matrix
assumes ⋀m n. Rep-matrix A m n = Rep-matrix B m n
shows A=B
⟨proof⟩

lemma finite-nonzero-positions : finite (nonzero-positions (Rep-matrix A))
⟨proof⟩

definition nrows :: ('a::zero) matrix ⇒ nat where
nrows A == if nonzero-positions(Rep-matrix A) = {} then 0 else Suc(Max ((image
fst) (nonzero-positions (Rep-matrix A)))))

definition ncols :: ('a::zero) matrix ⇒ nat where
ncols A == if nonzero-positions(Rep-matrix A) = {} then 0 else Suc(Max ((image
snd) (nonzero-positions (Rep-matrix A)))))

lemma nrows:
assumes hyp: nrows A ≤ m
shows (Rep-matrix A m n) = 0
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** transpose-infmatrix :: 'a infmatrix  $\Rightarrow$  'a infmatrix **where**  
transpose-infmatrix  $A j i == A i j$

**definition** transpose-matrix :: ('a::zero) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
transpose-matrix  $==$  Abs-matrix o transpose-infmatrix o Rep-matrix

**declare** transpose-infmatrix-def[simp]

**lemma** transpose-infmatrix-twice[simp]: transpose-infmatrix (transpose-infmatrix  $A) = A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-infmatrix: transpose-infmatrix  $(\lambda j i. P j i) = (\lambda j i. P i j)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-infmatrix-closed[simp]: Rep-matrix (Abs-matrix (transpose-infmatrix (Rep-matrix  $x))) = transpose-infmatrix (Rep-matrix  $x$ )$

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** infmatrix-forward:  $(x::'a infmatrix) = y \implies \forall a b. x a b = y a b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-infmatrix-inject: (transpose-infmatrix  $A =$  transpose-infmatrix  $B) = (A = B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-matrix-inject: (transpose-matrix  $A =$  transpose-matrix  $B) = (A = B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-matrix[simp]: Rep-matrix(transpose-matrix  $A) j i =$  Rep-matrix  $A i j$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-transpose-id[simp]: transpose-matrix (transpose-matrix  $A) = A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** nrows-transpose[simp]: nrows (transpose-matrix  $A) =$  ncols  $A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** ncols-transpose[simp]: ncols (transpose-matrix  $A) =$  nrows  $A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** ncols: ncols  $A \leq n \implies$  Rep-matrix  $A m n = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** ncols-le:  $(\text{ncols } A \leq n) \longleftrightarrow (\forall j i. n \leq i \rightarrow (\text{Rep-matrix } A j i) = 0)$  (**is**

$\_ = ?st$ )  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-ncols*:  $(n < ncols A) = (\exists j i. n \leq i \wedge (Rep\text{-matrix } A j i) \neq 0)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-ncols*:  $(n \leq ncols A) = (\forall m. (\forall j i. m \leq i \longrightarrow (Rep\text{-matrix } A j i) = 0) \longrightarrow n \leq m)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *nrows-le*:  $(nrows A \leq n) = (\forall j i. n \leq j \longrightarrow (Rep\text{-matrix } A j i) = 0)$  (**is** *?s*)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *less-nrows*:  $(m < nrows A) = (\exists j i. m \leq j \wedge (Rep\text{-matrix } A j i) \neq 0)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *le-nrows*:  $(n \leq nrows A) = (\forall m. (\forall j i. m \leq j \longrightarrow (Rep\text{-matrix } A j i) = 0) \longrightarrow n \leq m)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *nrows-notzero*:  $Rep\text{-matrix } A m n \neq 0 \implies m < nrows A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *ncols-notzero*:  $Rep\text{-matrix } A m n \neq 0 \implies n < ncols A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-natarray1*:  $finite \{x. x < (n::nat)\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-natarray2*:  $finite \{(x, y). x < (m::nat) \wedge y < (n::nat)\}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *RepAbs-matrix*:  
**assumes**  $\exists m. \forall j i. m \leq j \longrightarrow x j i = 0$   
**and**  $\exists n. \forall j i. (n \leq i \longrightarrow x j i = 0)$   
**shows**  $(Rep\text{-matrix } (Abs\text{-matrix } x)) = x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** *apply-infmatrix* ::  $('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a infmatrix \Rightarrow 'b infmatrix$  **where**  
 $apply\text{-infmatrix } f == \lambda A. (\lambda j i. f (A j i))$

**definition** *apply-matrix* ::  $('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('a::zero) matrix \Rightarrow ('b::zero) matrix$  **where**  
 $apply\text{-matrix } f == \lambda A. Abs\text{-matrix} (apply\text{-infmatrix } f (Rep\text{-matrix } A))$

**definition** *combine-infmatrix* ::  $('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'c) \Rightarrow 'a infmatrix \Rightarrow 'b infmatrix \Rightarrow 'c infmatrix$  **where**  
 $combine\text{-infmatrix } f == \lambda A B. (\lambda j i. f (A j i) (B j i))$

```

definition combine-matrix :: ('a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'c) ⇒ ('a::zero) matrix ⇒ ('b::zero)
matrix ⇒ ('c::zero) matrix where
  combine-matrix f == λA B. Abs-matrix (combine-infmatrix f (Rep-matrix A)
(Rep-matrix B))

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lemma expand-apply-infmatrix[simp]: apply-infmatrix f A j i = f (A j i)
⟨proof⟩

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lemma expand-combine-infmatrix[simp]: combine-infmatrix f A B j i = f (A j i)
(B j i)
⟨proof⟩

```

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definition commutative :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'b) ⇒ bool where
  commutative f == ∀ x y. f x y = f y x

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definition associative :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool where
  associative f == ∀ x y z. f (f x y) z = f x (f y z)

```

To reason about associativity and commutativity of operations on matrices, let's take a step back and look at the general situation: Assume that we have sets  $A$  and  $B$  with  $B \subset A$  and an abstraction  $u : A \rightarrow B$ . This abstraction has to fulfill  $u(b) = b$  for all  $b \in B$ , but is arbitrary otherwise. Each function  $f : A \times A \rightarrow A$  now induces a function  $f' : B \times B \rightarrow B$  by  $f' = u \circ f$ . It is obvious that commutativity of  $f$  implies commutativity of  $f'$ :  $f'xy = u(fxy) = u(fyx) = f'yx$ .

```

lemma combine-infmatrix-commute:
  commutative f ==> commutative (combine-infmatrix f)
⟨proof⟩

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lemma combine-matrix-commute:
  commutative f ==> commutative (combine-matrix f)
⟨proof⟩

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On the contrary, given an associative function  $f$  we cannot expect  $f'$  to be associative. A counterexample is given by  $A = \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $B = \{-1, 0, 1\}$ , as  $f$  we take addition on  $\mathbb{Z}$ , which is clearly associative. The abstraction is given by  $u(a) = 0$  for  $a \notin B$ . Then we have

$$f'(f'11 - 1) = u(f(u(f11)) - 1) = u(f(u2) - 1) = u(f0 - 1) = -1,$$

but on the other hand we have

$$f'1(f'1 - 1) = u(f1(u(f1 - 1))) = u(f10) = 1.$$

A way out of this problem is to assume that  $f(A \times A) \subset A$  holds, and this is what we are going to do:

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lemma nonzero-positions-combine-infmatrix[simp]: f 0 0 = 0 ==> nonzero-positions
(combine-infmatrix f A B) ⊆ (nonzero-positions A) ∪ (nonzero-positions B)

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *finite-nonzero-positions-Rep*[simp]: *finite (nonzero-positions (Rep-matrix A))*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *combine-infmatrix-closed* [simp]:  
 $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{Rep-matrix} (\text{Abs-matrix} (\text{combine-infmatrix } f (\text{Rep-matrix } A) (\text{Rep-matrix } B))) = \text{combine-infmatrix } f (\text{Rep-matrix } A) (\text{Rep-matrix } B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

We need the next two lemmas only later, but it is analog to the above one, so we prove them now:

**lemma** *nonzero-positions-apply-infmatrix*[simp]:  $f 0 = 0 \implies \text{nonzero-positions} (\text{apply-infmatrix } f A) \subseteq \text{nonzero-positions } A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *apply-infmatrix-closed* [simp]:  
 $f 0 = 0 \implies \text{Rep-matrix} (\text{Abs-matrix} (\text{apply-infmatrix } f (\text{Rep-matrix } A))) = \text{apply-infmatrix } f (\text{Rep-matrix } A)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *combine-infmatrix-assoc*[simp]:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{associative } f \implies \text{associative} (\text{combine-infmatrix } f)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *combine-matrix-assoc*:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{associative } f \implies \text{associative} (\text{combine-matrix } f)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-apply-matrix*[simp]:  $f 0 = 0 \implies \text{Rep-matrix} (\text{apply-matrix } f A) j i = f (\text{Rep-matrix } A j i)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-combine-matrix*[simp]:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{Rep-matrix} (\text{combine-matrix } f A B) j i = f (\text{Rep-matrix } A j i) (\text{Rep-matrix } B j i)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *combine-nrows-max*:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{nrows} (\text{combine-matrix } f A B) \leq \max (\text{nrows } A) (\text{nrows } B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *combine-ncols-max*:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{ncols} (\text{combine-matrix } f A B) \leq \max (\text{ncols } A) (\text{ncols } B)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *combine-nrows*:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{nrows } A \leq q \implies \text{nrows } B \leq q \implies \text{nrows} (\text{combine-matrix } f A B) \leq q$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma combine-ncols:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{ncols } A \leq q \implies \text{ncols } B \leq q \implies \text{ncols}(\text{combine-matrix } f A B) \leq q$ 
{proof}

definition zero-r-neutral :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b::zero  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  zero-r-neutral f ==  $\forall a. f a 0 = a$ 

definition zero-l-neutral :: ('a::zero  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  zero-l-neutral f ==  $\forall a. f 0 a = a$ 

definition zero-closed :: (('a::zero)  $\Rightarrow$  ('b::zero)  $\Rightarrow$  ('c::zero))  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  zero-closed f ==  $(\forall x. f x 0 = 0) \wedge (\forall y. f 0 y = 0)$ 

primrec foldseq :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a
where
  foldseq f s 0 = s 0
  | foldseq f s (Suc n) = f (s 0) (foldseq f (λk. s(Suc k)) n)

primrec foldseq-transposed :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a
where
  foldseq-transposed f s 0 = s 0
  | foldseq-transposed f s (Suc n) = f (foldseq-transposed f s n) (s (Suc n))

lemma foldseq-assoc:
  assumes a:associative f
  shows associative f  $\implies$  foldseq f = foldseq-transposed f
{proof}

lemma foldseq-distr:
  assumes assoc: associative f and comm: commutative f
  shows foldseq f (λk. f (u k) (v k)) n = f (foldseq f u n) (foldseq f v n)
{proof}

theorem [[associative f; associative g;  $\forall a b c d. g(f a b)(f c d) = f(g a c)(g b d)$ ;  $\exists x y. (f x) \neq (f y)$ ;  $\exists x y. (g x) \neq (g y)$ ;  $f x x = x$ ;  $g x x = x$ ]]  $\implies f=g$  | ( $\forall y. f y x = y$ ) | ( $\forall y. g y x = y$ )
{proof}

lemma foldseq-zero:
  assumes fz:  $f 0 0 = 0$  and sz:  $\forall i. i \leq n \longrightarrow s i = 0$ 
  shows foldseq f s n = 0
{proof}

lemma foldseq-significant-positions:
  assumes p:  $\forall i. i \leq N \longrightarrow S i = T i$ 
  shows foldseq f S N = foldseq f T N
{proof}

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lemma foldseq-tail:
  assumes M ≤ N
  shows foldseq f S N = foldseq f (λk. (if k < M then (S k) else (foldseq f (λk.
  S(k+M)) (N-M)))) M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-zerotail:
  assumes fz: f 0 0 = 0 and sz: ∀ i. n ≤ i → s i = 0 and nm: n ≤ m
  shows foldseq f s n = foldseq f s m
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-zerotail2:
  assumes ∀ x. f x 0 = x
  and ∀ i. n < i → s i = 0
  and nm: n ≤ m
  shows foldseq f s n = foldseq f s m
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-zerostart:
  assumes f00x: ∀ x. f 0 x = f 0 x and 0: ∀ i. i ≤ n → s i = 0
  shows foldseq f s (Suc n) = f 0 (s (Suc n))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-zerostart2:
  assumes x: ∀ x. f 0 x = x and 0: ∀ i. i < n → s i = 0
  shows foldseq f s n = s n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-almostzero:
  assumes f0x: ∀ x. f 0 x = x and fx0: ∀ x. f x 0 = x and s0: ∀ i. i ≠ j → s i
  = 0
  shows foldseq f s n = (if (j ≤ n) then (s j) else 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-distr-unary:
  assumes ∫ a b. g (f a b) = f (g a) (g b)
  shows g(foldseq f s n) = foldseq f (λx. g(s x)) n
  ⟨proof⟩

definition mult-matrix-n :: nat ⇒ (('a::zero) ⇒ ('b::zero) ⇒ ('c::zero)) ⇒ ('c ⇒
  'c ⇒ 'c) ⇒ 'a matrix ⇒ 'b matrix ⇒ 'c matrix where
  mult-matrix-n n fmul fadd A B == Abs-matrix(λj i. foldseq fadd (λk. fmul
  (Rep-matrix A j k) (Rep-matrix B k i)) n)

definition mult-matrix :: (('a::zero) ⇒ ('b::zero) ⇒ ('c::zero)) ⇒ ('c ⇒ 'c ⇒ 'c)
  ⇒ 'a matrix ⇒ 'b matrix ⇒ 'c matrix where
  mult-matrix fmul fadd A B == mult-matrix-n (max (ncols A) (nrows B)) fmul
  fadd A B

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```

lemma mult-matrix-n:
  assumes ncols A ≤ n nrows B ≤ n fadd 0 0 = 0 fmul 0 0 = 0
  shows mult-matrix-fmul fadd A B = mult-matrix-n n fmul fadd A B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-matrix-nm:
  assumes ncols A ≤ n nrows B ≤ n ncols A ≤ m nrows B ≤ m fadd 0 0 = 0
  fmul 0 0 = 0
  shows mult-matrix-n n fmul fadd A B = mult-matrix-n m fmul fadd A B
  ⟨proof⟩

definition r-distributive :: ('a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'b) ⇒ ('b ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'b) ⇒ bool where
  r-distributive fmul fadd == ∀ a u v. fmul a (fadd u v) = fadd (fmul a u) (fmul a v)

definition l-distributive :: ('a ⇒ 'b ⇒ 'a) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool where
  l-distributive fmul fadd == ∀ a u v. fmul (fadd u v) a = fadd (fmul u a) (fmul v a)

definition distributive :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool where
  distributive fmul fadd == l-distributive fmul fadd ∧ r-distributive fmul fadd

lemma max1: !! a x y. (a::nat) ≤ x ==> a ≤ max x y ⟨proof⟩
lemma max2: !! b x y. (b::nat) ≤ y ==> b ≤ max x y ⟨proof⟩

lemma r-distributive-matrix:
  assumes
    r-distributive fmul fadd
    associative fadd
    commutative fadd
    fadd 0 0 = 0
    ∀ a. fmul a 0 = 0
    ∀ a. fmul 0 a = 0
  shows r-distributive (mult-matrix fmul fadd) (combine-matrix fadd)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma l-distributive-matrix:
  assumes
    l-distributive fmul fadd
    associative fadd
    commutative fadd
    fadd 0 0 = 0
    ∀ a. fmul a 0 = 0
    ∀ a. fmul 0 a = 0
  shows l-distributive (mult-matrix fmul fadd) (combine-matrix fadd)
  ⟨proof⟩

instantiation matrix :: (zero) zero

```

```

begin

definition zero-matrix-def:  $0 = \text{Abs-matrix } (\lambda j i. 0)$ 

instance  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

end

lemma Rep-zero-matrix-def[simp]:  $\text{Rep-matrix } 0 j i = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma zero-matrix-def-nrows[simp]:  $\text{nrows } 0 = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma zero-matrix-def-ncols[simp]:  $\text{ncols } 0 = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma combine-matrix-zero-l-neutral:  $\text{zero-l-neutral } f \implies \text{zero-l-neutral } (\text{combine-matrix } f)$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma combine-matrix-zero-r-neutral:  $\text{zero-r-neutral } f \implies \text{zero-r-neutral } (\text{combine-matrix } f)$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult-matrix-zero-closed:  $\llbracket \text{fadd } 0 0 = 0; \text{zero-closed } \text{fmul} \rrbracket \implies \text{zero-closed } (\text{mult-matrix } \text{fmul} \text{ fadd})$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult-matrix-n-zero-right[simp]:  $\llbracket \text{fadd } 0 0 = 0; \forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0 \rrbracket \implies$   

 $\text{mult-matrix-}n \text{ fmul fadd } A 0 = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult-matrix-n-zero-left[simp]:  $\llbracket \text{fadd } 0 0 = 0; \forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0 \rrbracket \implies$   

 $\text{mult-matrix-}n \text{ fmul fadd } 0 A = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult-matrix-zero-left[simp]:  $\llbracket \text{fadd } 0 0 = 0; \forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0 \rrbracket \implies \text{mult-matrix }$   

 $\text{fmul fadd } 0 A = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult-matrix-zero-right[simp]:  $\llbracket \text{fadd } 0 0 = 0; \forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0 \rrbracket \implies$   

 $\text{mult-matrix } \text{fmul fadd } A 0 = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma apply-matrix-zero[simp]:  $f 0 = 0 \implies \text{apply-matrix } f 0 = 0$   

 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma combine-matrix-zero:  $f 0 0 = 0 \implies \text{combine-matrix } f 0 0 = 0$ 

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$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** transpose-matrix-zero[simp]: transpose-matrix 0 = 0  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** apply-zero-matrix-def[simp]: apply-matrix ( $\lambda x. 0$ ) A = 0  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**definition** singleton-matrix :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('a::zero)  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
singleton-matrix j i a == Abs-matrix( $\lambda m n. if j = m \wedge i = n then a else 0$ )

**definition** move-matrix :: ('a::zero) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
move-matrix A y x == Abs-matrix( $\lambda j i. if (((int j)-y) < 0) \mid (((int i)-x) < 0) then 0 else Rep\text{-}matrix A (nat (((int j)-y)) (nat (((int i)-x)))$ )

**definition** take-rows :: ('a::zero) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
take-rows A r == Abs-matrix( $\lambda j i. if (j < r) then (Rep\text{-}matrix A j i) else 0$ )

**definition** take-columns :: ('a::zero) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
take-columns A c == Abs-matrix( $\lambda j i. if (i < c) then (Rep\text{-}matrix A j i) else 0$ )

**definition** column-of-matrix :: ('a::zero) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
column-of-matrix A n == take-columns (move-matrix A 0 (- int n)) 1

**definition** row-of-matrix :: ('a::zero) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix **where**  
row-of-matrix A m == take-rows (move-matrix A (- int m) 0) 1

**lemma** Rep-singleton-matrix[simp]: Rep-matrix (singleton-matrix j i e) m n = (if j = m  $\wedge$  i = n then e else 0)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** apply-singleton-matrix[simp]: f 0 = 0  $\implies$  apply-matrix f (singleton-matrix j i x) = (singleton-matrix j i (f x))  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** singleton-matrix-zero[simp]: singleton-matrix j i 0 = 0  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** nrows-singleton[simp]: nrows(singleton-matrix j i e) = (if e = 0 then 0 else Suc j)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** ncols-singleton[simp]: ncols(singleton-matrix j i e) = (if e = 0 then 0 else Suc i)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** combine-singleton: f 0 0 = 0  $\implies$  combine-matrix f (singleton-matrix j i a) (singleton-matrix j i b) = singleton-matrix j i (f a b)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *transpose-singleton*[simp]: *transpose-matrix* (*singleton-matrix*  $j$   $i$   $a$ ) = *singleton-matrix*  $i$   $j$   $a$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-move-matrix*[simp]:  
*Rep-matrix* (*move-matrix*  $A$   $y$   $x$ )  $j$   $i$  =  
 $(if (((int j)-y) < 0) | (((int i)-x) < 0) then 0 else Rep-matrix A (nat((int j)-y)) (nat((int i)-x)))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *move-matrix-0-0*[simp]: *move-matrix*  $A$   $0$   $0$  =  $A$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *move-matrix-ortho*: *move-matrix*  $A$   $j$   $i$  = *move-matrix* (*move-matrix*  $A$   $j$   $0$ )  $i$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *transpose-move-matrix*[simp]:  
*transpose-matrix* (*move-matrix*  $A$   $x$   $y$ ) = *move-matrix* (*transpose-matrix*  $A$ )  $y$   $x$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *move-matrix-singleton*[simp]: *move-matrix* (*singleton-matrix*  $u$   $v$   $x$ )  $j$   $i$  =  
 $(if (j + int u < 0) | (i + int v < 0) then 0 else (singleton-matrix (nat (j + int u)) (nat (i + int v)) x))$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-take-columns*[simp]:  
*Rep-matrix* (*take-columns*  $A$   $c$ )  $j$   $i$  = (*if*  $i < c$  *then* (*Rep-matrix*  $A$   $j$   $i$ ) *else* 0)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-take-rows*[simp]:  
*Rep-matrix* (*take-rows*  $A$   $r$ )  $j$   $i$  = (*if*  $j < r$  *then* (*Rep-matrix*  $A$   $j$   $i$ ) *else* 0)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-column-of-matrix*[simp]:  
*Rep-matrix* (*column-of-matrix*  $A$   $c$ )  $j$   $i$  = (*if*  $i = 0$  *then* (*Rep-matrix*  $A$   $j$   $c$ ) *else* 0)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *Rep-row-of-matrix*[simp]:  
*Rep-matrix* (*row-of-matrix*  $A$   $r$ )  $j$   $i$  = (*if*  $j = 0$  *then* (*Rep-matrix*  $A$   $r$   $i$ ) *else* 0)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *column-of-matrix*: *ncols*  $A \leq n \implies$  *column-of-matrix*  $A$   $n = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *row-of-matrix*: *nrows*  $A \leq n \implies$  *row-of-matrix*  $A$   $n = 0$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma mult-matrix-singleton-right[simp]:
  assumes  $\forall x. fmul x 0 = 0 \quad \forall x. fmul 0 x = 0 \quad \forall x. fadd 0 x = x \quad \forall x. fadd x 0 = x$ 
  shows (mult-matrix fmul fadd A (singleton-matrix j i e)) = apply-matrix ( $\lambda x. fmul x e$ ) (move-matrix (column-of-matrix A j) 0 (int i))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-matrix-ext:
  assumes
    eprrem:
     $\exists e. (\forall a b. a \neq b \longrightarrow fmul a e \neq fmul b e)$ 
  and fprems:
     $\forall a. fmul 0 a = 0$ 
     $\forall a. fmul a 0 = 0$ 
     $\forall a. fadd a 0 = a$ 
     $\forall a. fadd 0 a = a$ 
  and contraprems: mult-matrix fmul fadd A = mult-matrix fmul fadd B
  shows A = B
  ⟨proof⟩

definition foldmatrix :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ ('a infmatrix) ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a where
  foldmatrix f g A m n == foldseq-transposed g (λj. foldseq f (A j) n) m

definition foldmatrix-transposed :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ ('a infmatrix) ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ 'a where
  foldmatrix-transposed f g A m n == foldseq g (λj. foldseq-transposed f (A j) n)
  m

lemma foldmatrix transpose:
  assumes  $\forall a b c d. g(f a b) (f c d) = f (g a c) (g b d)$ 
  shows foldmatrix f g A m n = foldmatrix-transposed g f (transpose-infmatrix A)
  n m
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma foldseq-foldseq:
  assumes associative f associative g  $\forall a b c d. g(f a b) (f c d) = f (g a c) (g b d)$ 
  shows
    foldseq g (λj. foldseq f (A j) n) m = foldseq f (λj. foldseq g ((transpose-infmatrix A) j) m) n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-n-nrows:
  assumes  $\forall a. fmul 0 a = 0 \quad \forall a. fmul a 0 = 0 \quad fadd 0 0 = 0$ 
  shows nrows (mult-matrix-n n fmul fadd A B) ≤ nrows A
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mult-n-ncols:
  assumes  $\forall a. fmul 0 a = 0 \quad \forall a. fmul a 0 = 0 \quad fadd 0 0 = 0$ 

```

**shows**  $\text{ncols}(\text{mult-matrix-}n\ n \text{fmul} \text{fadd} A B) \leq \text{ncols} B$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{mult-nrows}$ :  
**assumes**  
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0$   
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0$   
 $\text{fadd } 0 0 = 0$   
**shows**  $\text{nrows}(\text{mult-matrix fmul fadd } A B) \leq \text{nrows } A$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{mult-ncols}$ :  
**assumes**  
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0$   
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0$   
 $\text{fadd } 0 0 = 0$   
**shows**  $\text{ncols}(\text{mult-matrix fmul fadd } A B) \leq \text{ncols } B$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{nrows-move-matrix-le}$ :  $\text{nrows}(\text{move-matrix } A j i) \leq \text{nat}((\text{int}(\text{nrows } A)) + j)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{ncols-move-matrix-le}$ :  $\text{ncols}(\text{move-matrix } A j i) \leq \text{nat}((\text{int}(\text{ncols } A)) + i)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{mult-matrix-assoc}$ :  
**assumes**  
 $\forall a. \text{fmul1 } 0 a = 0$   
 $\forall a. \text{fmul1 } a 0 = 0$   
 $\forall a. \text{fmul2 } 0 a = 0$   
 $\forall a. \text{fmul2 } a 0 = 0$   
 $\text{fadd1 } 0 0 = 0$   
 $\text{fadd2 } 0 0 = 0$   
 $\forall a b c d. \text{fadd2 } (\text{fadd1 } a b) (\text{fadd1 } c d) = \text{fadd1 } (\text{fadd2 } a c) (\text{fadd2 } b d)$   
*associative fadd1*  
*associative fadd2*  
 $\forall a b c. \text{fmul2 } (\text{fmul1 } a b) c = \text{fmul1 } a (\text{fmul2 } b c)$   
 $\forall a b c. \text{fmul2 } (\text{fadd1 } a b) c = \text{fadd1 } (\text{fmul2 } a c) (\text{fmul2 } b c)$   
 $\forall a b c. \text{fmul1 } c (\text{fadd2 } a b) = \text{fadd2 } (\text{fmul1 } c a) (\text{fmul1 } c b)$   
**shows**  $\text{mult-matrix fmul2 fadd2 } (\text{mult-matrix fmul1 fadd1 } A B) C = \text{mult-matrix fmul1 fadd1 } A (\text{mult-matrix fmul2 fadd2 } B C)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma**  $\text{mult-matrix-assoc-simple}$ :  
**assumes**  
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0$   
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0$

```

associative fadd
commutative fadd
associative fmul
distributive fmul fadd
shows mult-matrix fmul fadd (mult-matrix fmul fadd A B) C = mult-matrix fmul
fadd A (mult-matrix fmul fadd B C)
⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-apply-matrix: f 0 = 0  $\implies$  transpose-matrix (apply-matrix f A)
= apply-matrix f (transpose-matrix A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-combine-matrix: f 0 0 = 0  $\implies$  transpose-matrix (combine-matrix
f A B) = combine-matrix f (transpose-matrix A) (transpose-matrix B)
⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-mult-matrix:
assumes  $\forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0$   $\forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0$  fadd 0 0 = 0
shows
  Rep-matrix(mult-matrix fmul fadd A B) j i =
  foldseq fadd ( $\lambda k. \text{fmul } (\text{Rep-matrix } A j k) (\text{Rep-matrix } B k i)$ ) (max (ncols A)
  (nrows B))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-mult-matrix:
assumes
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } 0 a = 0$ 
 $\forall a. \text{fmul } a 0 = 0$ 
fadd 0 0 = 0
 $\forall x y. \text{fmul } y x = \text{fmul } x y$ 
shows
  transpose-matrix (mult-matrix fmul fadd A B) = mult-matrix fmul fadd (transpose-matrix
B) (transpose-matrix A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma column-transpose-matrix: column-of-matrix (transpose-matrix A) n = trans-
pose-matrix (row-of-matrix A n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma take-columns-transpose-matrix: take-columns (transpose-matrix A) n =
transpose-matrix (take-rows A n)
⟨proof⟩

instantiation matrix :: ({zero, ord}) ord
begin

definition
le-matrix-def:  $A \leq B \iff (\forall j i. \text{Rep-matrix } A j i \leq \text{Rep-matrix } B j i)$ 

```

```

definition
less-def:  $A < (B::'a\ matrix) \longleftrightarrow A \leq B \wedge \neg B \leq A$ 

instance  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

instance  $matrix :: (\{zero, order\})\ order$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma le-apply-matrix:
assumes
 $f 0 = 0$ 
 $\forall x y. x \leq y \longrightarrow f x \leq f y$ 
 $(a::('a::\{ord, zero\})\ matrix) \leq b$ 
shows  $apply\text{-}matrix f a \leq apply\text{-}matrix f b$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma le-combine-matrix:
assumes
 $f 0 0 = 0$ 
 $\forall a b c d. a \leq b \wedge c \leq d \longrightarrow f a c \leq f b d$ 
 $A \leq B$ 
 $C \leq D$ 
shows  $combine\text{-}matrix f A C \leq combine\text{-}matrix f B D$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma le-left-combine-matrix:
assumes
 $f 0 0 = 0$ 
 $\forall a b c. a \leq b \longrightarrow f c a \leq f c b$ 
 $A \leq B$ 
shows  $combine\text{-}matrix f C A \leq combine\text{-}matrix f C B$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma le-right-combine-matrix:
assumes
 $f 0 0 = 0$ 
 $\forall a b c. a \leq b \longrightarrow f a c \leq f b c$ 
 $A \leq B$ 
shows  $combine\text{-}matrix f A C \leq combine\text{-}matrix f B C$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma le-transpose-matrix:  $(A \leq B) = (transpose\text{-}matrix A \leq transpose\text{-}matrix B)$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma le-foldseq:
assumes

```

$\forall a b c d . a \leq b \wedge c \leq d \rightarrow f a c \leq f b d$

$\forall i . i \leq n \rightarrow s i \leq t i$

**shows**  $\text{foldseq } f s n \leq \text{foldseq } f t n$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *le-left-mult*:

**assumes**

$\forall a b c d . a \leq b \wedge c \leq d \rightarrow fadd a c \leq fadd b d$

$\forall c a b . 0 \leq c \wedge a \leq b \rightarrow fmul c a \leq fmul c b$

$\forall a . fmul 0 a = 0$

$\forall a . fmul a 0 = 0$

$fadd 0 0 = 0$

$0 \leq C$

$A \leq B$

**shows**  $\text{mult-matrix } fmul fadd C A \leq \text{mult-matrix } fmul fadd C B$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *le-right-mult*:

**assumes**

$\forall a b c d . a \leq b \wedge c \leq d \rightarrow fadd a c \leq fadd b d$

$\forall c a b . 0 \leq c \wedge a \leq b \rightarrow fmul a c \leq fmul b c$

$\forall a . fmul 0 a = 0$

$\forall a . fmul a 0 = 0$

$fadd 0 0 = 0$

$0 \leq C$

$A \leq B$

**shows**  $\text{mult-matrix } fmul fadd A C \leq \text{mult-matrix } fmul fadd B C$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *spec2*:  $\forall j i . P j i \implies P j i \langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *singleton-matrix-le[simp]*:  $(\text{singleton-matrix } j i a \leq \text{singleton-matrix } j i b)$

$= (a \leq (b:::\text{order}))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *singleton-le-zero[simp]*:  $(\text{singleton-matrix } j i x \leq 0) = (x \leq (0::'a::\{\text{order},\text{zero}\}))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *singleton-ge-zero[simp]*:  $((0 \leq \text{singleton-matrix } j i x) = ((0::'a::\{\text{order},\text{zero}\}) \leq x))$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *move-matrix-le-zero[simp]*:

**fixes**  $A::'a::\{\text{order},\text{zero}\}$  matrix

**assumes**  $0 \leq j 0 \leq i$

**shows**  $(\text{move-matrix } A j i \leq 0) = (A \leq 0)$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *move-matrix-zero-le[simp]*:

```

fixes A:: 'a:{order,zero} matrix
assumes 0 ≤ j 0 ≤ i
shows (0 ≤ move-matrix A j i) = (0 ≤ A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma move-matrix-le-move-matrix-iff[simp]:
fixes A:: 'a:{order,zero} matrix
assumes 0 ≤ j 0 ≤ i
shows (move-matrix A j i ≤ move-matrix B j i) = (A ≤ B)
⟨proof⟩

instantiation matrix :: ({lattice, zero}) lattice
begin

definition inf = combine-matrix inf

definition sup = combine-matrix sup

instance
⟨proof⟩

end

instantiation matrix :: ({plus, zero}) plus
begin

definition
plus-matrix-def: A + B = combine-matrix (+) A B

instance ⟨proof⟩

end

instantiation matrix :: ({uminus, zero}) uminus
begin

definition
minus-matrix-def: - A = apply-matrix uminus A

instance ⟨proof⟩

end

instantiation matrix :: ({minus, zero}) minus
begin

definition
diff-matrix-def: A - B = combine-matrix (-) A B

```

```

instance ⟨proof⟩

end

instantiation matrix :: ({plus, times, zero}) times
begin

definition
times-matrix-def: A * B = mult-matrix ((*)) (+) A B

instance ⟨proof⟩

end

instantiation matrix :: ({lattice, uminus, zero}) abs
begin

definition
abs-matrix-def: |A :: 'a matrix| = sup A (- A)

instance ⟨proof⟩

end

instance matrix :: (monoid-add) monoid-add
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (comm-monoid-add) comm-monoid-add
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (group-add) group-add
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (ab-group-add) ab-group-add
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (ordered-ab-group-add) ordered-ab-group-add
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (lattice-ab-group-add) semilattice-inf-ab-group-add ⟨proof⟩
instance matrix :: (lattice-ab-group-add) semilattice-sup-ab-group-add ⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (semiring-0) semiring-0
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (ring) ring ⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (ordered-ring) ordered-ring
⟨proof⟩

```

```

instance matrix :: (lattice-ring) lattice-ring
⟨proof⟩

instance matrix :: (lattice-ab-group-add-abs) lattice-ab-group-add-abs
⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-matrix-add[simp]:
  Rep-matrix ((a::('a::monoid-add)matrix)+b) j i = (Rep-matrix a j i) + (Rep-matrix
  b j i)
⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-matrix-mult: Rep-matrix ((a::('a::semiring-0) matrix) * b) j i =
  foldseq (+) (λk. (Rep-matrix a j k) * (Rep-matrix b k i)) (max (ncols a) (nrows
  b))
⟨proof⟩

lemma apply-matrix-add: ∀ x y. f (x+y) = (f x) + (f y) ⇒ f 0 = (0::'a)
  ⇒ apply-matrix f ((a::('a::monoid-add) matrix) + b) = (apply-matrix f a) +
  (apply-matrix f b)
⟨proof⟩

lemma singleton-matrix-add: singleton-matrix j i ((a::-'monoid-add)+b) = (singleton-matrix
j i a) + (singleton-matrix j i b)
⟨proof⟩

lemma nrows-mult: nrows ((A::('a::semiring-0) matrix) * B) ≤ nrows A
⟨proof⟩

lemma ncols-mult: ncols ((A::('a::semiring-0) matrix) * B) ≤ ncols B
⟨proof⟩

definition
one-matrix :: nat ⇒ ('a::{zero,one}) matrix where
one-matrix n = Abs-matrix (λj i. if j = i ∧ j < n then 1 else 0)

lemma Rep-one-matrix[simp]: Rep-matrix (one-matrix n) j i = (if (j = i ∧ j <
n) then 1 else 0)
⟨proof⟩

lemma nrows-one-matrix[simp]: nrows ((one-matrix n)::('a::zero-neq-one)matrix)
= n (is ?r = -)
⟨proof⟩

lemma ncols-one-matrix[simp]: ncols ((one-matrix n)::('a::zero-neq-one)matrix)
= n (is ?r = -)
⟨proof⟩

lemma one-matrix-mult-right[simp]:

```

```

fixes A :: ('a::semiring-1) matrix
shows ncols A ≤ n  $\implies$  A * (one-matrix n) = A
⟨proof⟩

lemma one-matrix-mult-left[simp]:
fixes A :: ('a::semiring-1) matrix
shows nrows A ≤ n  $\implies$  (one-matrix n) * A = A
⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-matrix-mult:
fixes A :: ('a::comm-ring) matrix
shows transpose-matrix (A*B) = (transpose-matrix B) * (transpose-matrix A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-matrix-add:
fixes A :: ('a::monoid-add) matrix
shows transpose-matrix (A+B) = transpose-matrix A + transpose-matrix B
⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-matrix-diff:
fixes A :: ('a::group-add) matrix
shows transpose-matrix (A-B) = transpose-matrix A - transpose-matrix B
⟨proof⟩

lemma transpose-matrix-minus:
fixes A :: ('a::group-add) matrix
shows transpose-matrix (-A) = - transpose-matrix (A:'a matrix)
⟨proof⟩

definition right-inverse-matrix :: ('a:{ring-1}) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
right-inverse-matrix A X == (A * X = one-matrix (max (nrows A) (ncols X)))
 $\wedge$  nrows X ≤ ncols A

definition left-inverse-matrix :: ('a:{ring-1}) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
left-inverse-matrix A X == (X * A = one-matrix (max(nrows X) (ncols A)))  $\wedge$ 
ncols X ≤ nrows A

definition inverse-matrix :: ('a:{ring-1}) matrix  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
inverse-matrix A X == (right-inverse-matrix A X)  $\wedge$  (left-inverse-matrix A X)

lemma right-inverse-matrix-dim: right-inverse-matrix A X  $\implies$  nrows A = ncols X
⟨proof⟩

lemma left-inverse-matrix-dim: left-inverse-matrix A Y  $\implies$  ncols A = nrows Y
⟨proof⟩

lemma left-right-inverse-matrix-unique:
assumes left-inverse-matrix A Y right-inverse-matrix A X

```

```

shows  $X = Y$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma inverse-matrix-inject: [ inverse-matrix A X; inverse-matrix A Y ]  $\implies X = Y$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma one-matrix-inverse: inverse-matrix (one-matrix n) (one-matrix n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma zero-imp-mult-zero: (a:'a::semiring-0) = 0 | b = 0  $\implies a * b = 0$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-matrix-zero-imp-mult-zero:
 $\forall j i k. (\text{Rep-matrix } A j k = 0) \mid (\text{Rep-matrix } B k i) = 0 \implies A * B = 0$  ::('a::lattice-ring) matrix
⟨proof⟩

lemma add-nrows: nrows (A::('a::monoid-add) matrix)  $\leq u \implies \text{nrows } B \leq u \implies \text{nrows } (A + B) \leq u$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma move-matrix-row-mult:
fixes A :: ('a::semiring-0) matrix
shows move-matrix (A * B) j 0 = (move-matrix A j 0) * B
⟨proof⟩

lemma move-matrix-col-mult:
fixes A :: ('a::semiring-0) matrix
shows move-matrix (A * B) 0 i = A * (move-matrix B 0 i)
⟨proof⟩

lemma move-matrix-add: ((move-matrix (A + B) j i)::(( 'a::monoid-add) matrix))
= (move-matrix A j i) + (move-matrix B j i)
⟨proof⟩

lemma move-matrix-mult: move-matrix ((A::('a::semiring-0) matrix)*B) j i =
(move-matrix A j 0) * (move-matrix B 0 i)
⟨proof⟩

definition scalar-mult :: ('a::ring)  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix  $\Rightarrow$  'a matrix where
scalar-mult a m == apply-matrix ((*) a) m

lemma scalar-mult-zero[simp]: scalar-mult y 0 = 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma scalar-mult-add: scalar-mult y (a+b) = (scalar-mult y a) + (scalar-mult y b)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma Rep-scalar-mult[simp]: Rep-matrix (scalar-mult y a) j i = y * (Rep-matrix
a j i)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scalar-mult-singleton[simp]: scalar-mult y (singleton-matrix j i x) = sin-
gleton-matrix j i (y * x)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-minus[simp]: Rep-matrix (-(A:::-::group-add)) x y = - (Rep-matrix
A x y)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-abs[simp]: Rep-matrix |A:::-::lattice-ab-group-add| x y = |Rep-matrix
A x y|
  ⟨proof⟩

end

theory SparseMatrix
  imports Matrix
  begin

    type-synonym 'a spvec = (nat * 'a) list
    type-synonym 'a spmat = 'a spvec spvec

    definition sparse-row-vector :: ('a::ab-group-add) spvec ⇒ 'a matrix
      where sparse-row-vector arr = foldl (% m x. m + (singleton-matrix 0 (fst x)
(snd x))) 0 arr

    definition sparse-row-matrix :: ('a::ab-group-add) spmat ⇒ 'a matrix
      where sparse-row-matrix arr = foldl (% m r. m + (move-matrix (sparse-row-vector
(snd r)) (int (fst r)) 0)) 0 arr

    code-datatype sparse-row-vector sparse-row-matrix

    lemma sparse-row-vector-empty [simp]: sparse-row-vector [] = 0
      ⟨proof⟩

    lemma sparse-row-matrix-empty [simp]: sparse-row-matrix [] = 0
      ⟨proof⟩

    lemmas [code] = sparse-row-vector-empty [symmetric]

    lemma foldl-distrstart: ∀ a x y. (f (g x y) a = g x (f y a)) ⇒ (foldl f (g x y) l =
g x (foldl f y l))
      ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sparse-row-vector-cons[simp]:
  sparse-row-vector (a # arr) = (singleton-matrix 0 (fst a) (snd a)) + (sparse-row-vector arr)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-vector-append[simp]:
  sparse-row-vector (a @ b) = (sparse-row-vector a) + (sparse-row-vector b)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma nrows-spvec[simp]: nrows (sparse-row-vector x) ≤ (Suc 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-matrix-cons: sparse-row-matrix (a#arr) = ((move-matrix (sparse-row-vector (snd a)) (int (fst a)) 0)) + sparse-row-matrix arr
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-matrix-append: sparse-row-matrix (arr@brr) = (sparse-row-matrix arr) + (sparse-row-matrix brr)
  ⟨proof⟩

fun sorted-spvec :: 'a spvec ⇒ bool
where
  sorted-spvec [] = True
  | sorted-spvec-step1: sorted-spvec [a] = True
  | sorted-spvec-step: sorted-spvec ((m,x)#{(n,y)}#bs) = ((m < n) ∧ (sorted-spvec ((n,y)}#bs)))

primrec sorted-spmat :: 'a spmat ⇒ bool
where
  sorted-spmat [] = True
  | sorted-spmat (a#as) = ((sorted-spvec (snd a)) ∧ (sorted-spmat as))

declare sorted-spvec.simps [simp del]

lemma sorted-spvec-empty[simp]: sorted-spvec [] = True
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-cons1: sorted-spvec (a#as) ⇒ sorted-spvec as
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-cons2: sorted-spvec (a#b#t) ⇒ sorted-spvec (a#t)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-cons3: sorted-spvec(a#b#t) ⇒ fst a < fst b
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-sparse-row-vector-zero:
  assumes m ≤ n
  shows sorted-spvec ((n,a)#arr) ⇒ Rep-matrix (sparse-row-vector arr) j m =

```

```

 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sorted-sparse-row-matrix-zero[rule-format]:
  assumes  $m \leq n$ 
  shows sorted-spvec  $((n,a)\#arr) \implies$  Rep-matrix (sparse-row-matrix arr)  $m j = 0$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

primrec minus-spvec :: ('a::ab-group-add) spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
where
  minus-spvec [] = []
  | minus-spvec (a#as) = (fst a, -(snd a))#(minus-spvec as)

primrec abs-spvec :: ('a::lattice-ab-group-add-abs) spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
where
  abs-spvec [] = []
  | abs-spvec (a#as) = (fst a, |snd a|)#(abs-spvec as)

lemma sparse-row-vector-minus:
  sparse-row-vector (minus-spvec v) = - (sparse-row-vector v)
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sparse-row-vector-abs:
  sorted-spvec (v :: 'a::lattice-ring spvec)  $\implies$  sparse-row-vector (abs-spvec v) = |sparse-row-vector v|
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sorted-spvec-minus-spvec:
  sorted-spvec v  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (minus-spvec v)
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sorted-spvec-abs-spvec:
  sorted-spvec v  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (abs-spvec v)
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition smult-spvec y = map (% a. (fst a, y * snd a))

lemma smult-spvec-empty[simp]: smult-spvec y [] = []
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma smult-spvec-cons: smult-spvec y (a#arr) = (fst a, y * (snd a)) # (smult-spvec y arr)
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

fun addmult-spvec :: ('a::ring)  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
where
  addmult-spvec y arr [] = arr
  | addmult-spvec y [] brr = smult-spvec y brr

```

```

| addmult-spvec y ((i,a)#arr) ((j,b)#brr) = (
  if i < j then ((i,a)##(addmult-spvec y arr ((j,b)#brr)))
  else (if (j < i) then ((j, y * b)##(addmult-spvec y ((i,a)#arr) brr))
  else ((i, a + y*b)##(addmult-spvec y arr brr))))
```

**lemma** addmult-spvec-empty1 [simp]: addmult-spvec y [] a = smult-spvec y a  
*<proof>*

**lemma** addmult-spvec-empty2 [simp]: addmult-spvec y a [] = a  
*<proof>*

**lemma** sparse-row-vector-map: ( $\forall x y. f(x+y) = (fx) + (fy)$ )  $\implies (f::'a \Rightarrow ('a::lattice-ring))$   
 $0 = 0 \implies$   
 $\text{sparse-row-vector} (\text{map} (\% x. (fst x, f(snd x))) a) = \text{apply-matrix} f (\text{sparse-row-vector} a)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** sparse-row-vector-smult: sparse-row-vector (smult-spvec y a) = scalar-mult y (sparse-row-vector a)  
*<proof>*

**lemma** sparse-row-vector-addmult-spvec: sparse-row-vector (addmult-spvec (y::'a::lattice-ring) a b) =  
 $(\text{sparse-row-vector} a) + (\text{scalar-mult} y (\text{sparse-row-vector} b))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** sorted-smult-spvec: sorted-spvec a  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (smult-spvec y a)  
*<proof>*

**lemma** sorted-spvec-addmult-spvec-helper:  $\llbracket \text{sorted-spvec} (\text{addmult-spvec} y ((a, b) \# arr) brr); aa < a; \text{sorted-spvec} ((a, b) \# arr);$   
 $\text{sorted-spvec} ((aa, ba) \# brr) \rrbracket \implies \text{sorted-spvec} ((aa, y * ba) \# \text{addmult-spvec} y ((a, b) \# arr) brr)$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** sorted-spvec-addmult-spvec-helper2:  
 $\llbracket \text{sorted-spvec} (\text{addmult-spvec} y arr ((aa, ba) \# brr)); a < aa; \text{sorted-spvec} ((a, b) \# arr); \text{sorted-spvec} ((aa, ba) \# brr) \rrbracket$   
 $\implies \text{sorted-spvec} ((a, b) \# \text{addmult-spvec} y arr ((aa, ba) \# brr))$   
*<proof>*

**lemma** sorted-spvec-addmult-spvec-helper3 [rule-format]:  
 $\text{sorted-spvec} (\text{addmult-spvec} y arr brr) \implies$   
 $\text{sorted-spvec} ((aa, b) \# arr) \implies$   
 $\text{sorted-spvec} ((aa, ba) \# brr) \implies$   
 $\text{sorted-spvec} ((aa, b + y * ba) \# (\text{addmult-spvec} y arr brr))$   
*<proof>*

```

lemma sorted-addmult-spvec: sorted-spvec a  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec b  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec
(addmult-spvec y a b)
⟨proof⟩

fun mult-spvec-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ring) spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
where
  mult-spvec-spmat c [] brr = c
  | mult-spvec-spmat c arr [] = c
  | mult-spvec-spmat c ((i,a)#arr) ((j,b)#brr) =
    if (i < j) then mult-spvec-spmat c arr ((j,b)#brr)
    else if (j < i) then mult-spvec-spmat c ((i,a)#arr) brr
    else mult-spvec-spmat (addmult-spvec a c b) arr brr

lemma sparse-row-mult-spvec-spmat:
  assumes sorted-spvec (a::('a::lattice-ring) spvec) sorted-spvec B
  shows sparse-row-vector (mult-spvec-spmat c a B) = (sparse-row-vector c) +
  (sparse-row-vector a) * (sparse-row-matrix B)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-mult-spvec-spmat:
  sorted-spvec (c::('a::lattice-ring) spvec)  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat B  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec (mult-spvec-spmat
  c a B)
⟨proof⟩

primrec mult-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ring) spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat
where
  mult-spmat [] A = []
  | mult-spmat (a#as) A = (fst a, mult-spvec-spmat [] (snd a) A) # (mult-spmat as
  A)

lemma sparse-row-mult-spmat:
  sorted-spmat A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec B  $\Rightarrow$ 
  sparse-row-matrix (mult-spmat A B) = (sparse-row-matrix A) * (sparse-row-matrix
  B)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-mult-spmat:
  fixes A :: ('a::lattice-ring) spmat
  shows sorted-spvec A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec (mult-spmat A B)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spmat-mult-spmat:
  sorted-spmat (B::('a::lattice-ring) spmat)  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat (mult-spmat A B)
⟨proof⟩

fun add-spvec :: ('a::lattice-ab-group-add) spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
where

```

```

add-spvec arr [] = arr
| add-spvec [] brr = brr
| add-spvec ((i,a)#arr) ((j,b)#brr) =
  if i < j then (i,a) #(add-spvec arr ((j,b)#brr))
  else if (j < i) then (j,b) # add-spvec ((i,a)#arr) brr
  else (i, a+b) # add-spvec arr brr

lemma add-spvec-empty1[simp]: add-spvec [] a = a
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-vector-add: sparse-row-vector (add-spvec a b) = (sparse-row-vector
a) + (sparse-row-vector b)
  ⟨proof⟩

fun add-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ab-group-add) spmat ⇒ 'a spmat ⇒ 'a spmat
where

add-spmat [] bs = bs
| add-spmat as [] = as
| add-spmat ((i,a)#as) ((j,b)#bs) =
  if i < j then
    (i,a) # add-spmat as ((j,b)#bs)
  else if j < i then
    (j,b) # add-spmat ((i,a)#as) bs
  else
    (i, add-spvec a b) # add-spmat as bs

lemma add-spmat-Nil2[simp]: add-spmat as [] = as
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-add-spmat: sparse-row-matrix (add-spmat A B) = (sparse-row-matrix
A) + (sparse-row-matrix B)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas [code] = sparse-row-add-spmat [symmetric]
lemmas [code] = sparse-row-vector-add [symmetric]

lemma sorted-add-spvec-helper1[rule-format]: add-spvec ((a,b)#arr) brr = (ab,
bb) # list → (ab = a | (brr ≠ [] & ab = fst (hd brr)))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-add-spmat-helper1[rule-format]:
  add-spmat ((a,b)#arr) brr = (ab, bb) # list ⇒ (ab = a | (brr ≠ [] & ab = fst
(hd brr)))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-add-spvec-helper: add-spvec arr brr = (ab, bb) # list ⇒ ((arr ≠
[] & ab = fst (hd arr)) | (brr ≠ [] & ab = fst (hd brr)))
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sorted-add-spmat-helper: add-spmat arr brr = (ab, bb) # list ==> ((arr != []
| & ab = fst (hd arr)) | (brr != [] & ab = fst (hd brr)))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma add-spvec-commute: add-spvec a b = add-spvec b a
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma add-spmat-commute: add-spmat a b = add-spmat b a
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-add-spvec-helper2: add-spvec ((a,b)#arr) brr = (ab, bb) # list ==>
aa < a ==> sorted-spvec ((aa, ba) # brr) ==> aa < ab
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-add-spmat-helper2: add-spmat ((a,b)#arr) brr = (ab, bb) # list ==>
aa < a ==> sorted-spvec ((aa, ba) # brr) ==> aa < ab
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-add-spvec: sorted-spvec a ==> sorted-spvec b ==> sorted-spvec
(add-spvec a b)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-add-spmat:
  sorted-spvec A ==> sorted-spvec B ==> sorted-spvec (add-spmat A B)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spmat-add-spmat[rule-format]: sorted-spmat A ==> sorted-spmat B
==> sorted-spmat (add-spmat A B)
  ⟨proof⟩

fun le-spvec :: ('a::lattice-ab-group-add) spvec => 'a spvec => bool
where

  le-spvec [] [] = True
  | le-spvec ((-,a)#as) [] = (a ≤ 0 & le-spvec as [])
  | le-spvec [] ((-,b)#bs) = (0 ≤ b & le-spvec [] bs)
  | le-spvec ((i,a)#as) ((j,b)#bs) = (
    if (i < j) then a ≤ 0 & le-spvec as ((j,b)#bs)
    else if (j < i) then 0 ≤ b & le-spvec ((i,a)#as) bs
    else a ≤ b & le-spvec as bs)

fun le-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ab-group-add) spmat => 'a spmat => bool
where

  le-spmat [] [] = True
  | le-spmat ((i,a)#as) [] = (le-spvec a [] & le-spmat as [])
  | le-spmat [] ((j,b)#bs) = (le-spvec [] b & le-spmat [] bs)
  | le-spmat ((i,a)#as) ((j,b)#bs) =

```

```

if  $i < j$  then (le-spvec a [] & le-spmat as ((j,b)#bs))
else if  $j < i$  then (le-spvec [] b & le-spmat ((i,a)#as) bs)
else (le-spvec a b & le-spmat as bs)

```

**definition** *disj-matrices* :: ('*a::zero*) *matrix*  $\Rightarrow$  '*a matrix*  $\Rightarrow$  *bool* **where**  
*disj-matrices A B*  $\longleftrightarrow$   
 $(\forall j \ i. (\text{Rep-matrix } A \ j \ i \neq 0) \longrightarrow (\text{Rep-matrix } B \ j \ i = 0)) \ \& \ (\forall j \ i. (\text{Rep-matrix } B \ j \ i \neq 0) \longrightarrow (\text{Rep-matrix } A \ j \ i = 0))$

**lemma** *disj-matrices-contr1*: *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$  *Rep-matrix A j i*  $\neq 0$   $\Longrightarrow$   
*Rep-matrix B j i*  $= 0$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-contr2*: *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$  *Rep-matrix B j i*  $\neq 0$   $\Longrightarrow$   
*Rep-matrix A j i*  $= 0$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-add*:  
**fixes** *A* :: ('*a::lattice-ab-group-add*) *matrix*  
**shows** *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$  *disj-matrices C D*  $\Longrightarrow$  *disj-matrices A D*  
 $\Longrightarrow$  *disj-matrices B C*  $\Longrightarrow$   $(A + B \leq C + D) = (A \leq C \wedge B \leq D)$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-zero1* [*simp*]: *disj-matrices 0 B*  
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-zero2* [*simp*]: *disj-matrices A 0*  
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-commute*: *disj-matrices A B*  $=$  *disj-matrices B A*  
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-add-le-zero*: *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$   
 $(A + B \leq 0) = (A \leq 0 \ \& \ (B::('a::lattice-ab-group-add) \ matrix) \leq 0)$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-add-zero-le*: *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$   
 $(0 \leq A + B) = (0 \leq A \ \& \ 0 \leq (B::('a::lattice-ab-group-add) \ matrix))$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-add-x-le*: *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$  *disj-matrices B C*  $\Longrightarrow$   
 $(A \leq B + C) = (A \leq C \ \& \ 0 \leq (B::('a::lattice-ab-group-add) \ matrix))$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-matrices-add-le-x*: *disj-matrices A B*  $\Longrightarrow$  *disj-matrices B C*  $\Longrightarrow$   
 $(B + A \leq C) = (A \leq C \ \& \ (B::('a::lattice-ab-group-add) \ matrix) \leq 0)$   
*{proof}*

**lemma** *disj-sparse-row-singleton*:  $i \leq j \implies \text{sorted-spvec}((j,y)\#v) \implies \text{disj-matrices}$   
 $(\text{sparse-row-vector } v) (\text{singleton-matrix } 0 \ i \ x)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *disj-matrices-x-add*:  $\text{disj-matrices } A \ B \implies \text{disj-matrices } A \ C \implies \text{disj-matrices}$   
 $(A::('a::\text{lattice-ab-group-add}) \text{ matrix}) (B+C)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *disj-matrices-add-x*:  $\text{disj-matrices } A \ B \implies \text{disj-matrices } A \ C \implies \text{disj-matrices}$   
 $(B+C) (A::('a::\text{lattice-ab-group-add}) \text{ matrix})$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *disj-singleton-matrices[simp]*:  $\text{disj-matrices} (\text{singleton-matrix } j \ i \ x) (\text{singleton-matrix } u \ v \ y) = (j \neq u \mid i \neq v \mid x = 0 \mid y = 0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *disj-move-sparse-vec-mat*:  
**assumes**  $j \leq a$  **and**  $\text{sorted-spvec} ((a, c) \# as)$   
**shows**  $\text{disj-matrices} (\text{sparse-row-matrix } as) (\text{move-matrix} (\text{sparse-row-vector } b) (int j) i)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *disj-move-sparse-row-vector-twice*:  
 $j \neq u \implies \text{disj-matrices} (\text{move-matrix} (\text{sparse-row-vector } a) j i) (\text{move-matrix} (\text{sparse-row-vector } b) u v)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *le-spvec-iff-sparse-row-le*:  
 $\text{sorted-spvec } a \implies \text{sorted-spvec } b \implies (\text{le-spvec } a \ b) \longleftrightarrow (\text{sparse-row-vector } a \leq \text{sparse-row-vector } b)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *le-spvec-empty2-sparse-row*:  
 $\text{sorted-spvec } b \implies \text{le-spvec } b [] = (\text{sparse-row-vector } b \leq 0)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *le-spvec-empty1-sparse-row*:  
 $(\text{sorted-spvec } b) \implies (\text{le-spvec } [] b = (0 \leq \text{sparse-row-vector } b))$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**lemma** *le-spmat-iff-sparse-row-le*:  
 $[\text{sorted-spvec } A; \text{sorted-spmat } A; \text{sorted-spvec } B; \text{sorted-spmat } B] \implies$   
 $\text{le-spmat } A \ B = (\text{sparse-row-matrix } A \leq \text{sparse-row-matrix } B)$   
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

**primrec** *abs-spmat* ::  $('a::\text{lattice-ring}) \text{ spmat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ spmat}$   
**where**  
 $\text{abs-spmat } [] = []$

```

| abs-spmat (a#as) = (fst a, abs-spvec (snd a))#(abs-spmat as)

primrec minus-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ring) spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat
where
  minus-spmat [] = []
  | minus-spmat (a#as) = (fst a, minus-spvec (snd a))#(minus-spmat as)

lemma sparse-row-matrix-minus:
  sparse-row-matrix (minus-spmat A) = - (sparse-row-matrix A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Rep-sparse-row-vector-zero:
  assumes  $x \neq 0$ 
  shows Rep-matrix (sparse-row-vector v) x y = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-matrix-abs:
  sorted-spvec A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat A  $\Rightarrow$  sparse-row-matrix (abs-spmat A) = |sparse-row-matrix
  A|
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-minus-spmat: sorted-spvec A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec (minus-spmat
A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-abs-spmat: sorted-spvec A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec (abs-spmat A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spmat-minus-spmat: sorted-spmat A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat (minus-spmat
A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spmat-abs-spmat: sorted-spmat A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat (abs-spmat A)
  ⟨proof⟩

definition diff-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ring) spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat
where diff-spmat A B = add-spmat A (minus-spmat B)

lemma sorted-spmat-diff-spmat: sorted-spmat A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat B  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spmat
(diff-spmat A B)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-diff-spmat: sorted-spvec A  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec B  $\Rightarrow$  sorted-spvec
(diff-spmat A B)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-diff-spmat: sparse-row-matrix (diff-spmat A B) = (sparse-row-matrix
A) - (sparse-row-matrix B)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition sorted-sparse-matrix :: 'a spmat  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  where sorted-sparse-matrix A  $\longleftrightarrow$  sorted-spvec A & sorted-spmat A

lemma sorted-sparse-matrix-imp-spvec: sorted-sparse-matrix A  $\implies$  sorted-spvec A
  <proof>

lemma sorted-sparse-matrix-imp-spmat: sorted-sparse-matrix A  $\implies$  sorted-spmat A
  <proof>

lemmas sorted-sp-simps =
  sorted-spvec.simps
  sorted-spmat.simps
  sorted-sparse-matrix-def

lemma bool1: ( $\neg$  True) = False <proof>
lemma bool2: ( $\neg$  False) = True <proof>
lemma bool3: ((P::bool)  $\wedge$  True) = P <proof>
lemma bool4: (True  $\wedge$  (P::bool)) = P <proof>
lemma bool5: ((P::bool)  $\wedge$  False) = False <proof>
lemma bool6: (False  $\wedge$  (P::bool)) = False <proof>
lemma bool7: ((P::bool)  $\vee$  True) = True <proof>
lemma bool8: (True  $\vee$  (P::bool)) = True <proof>
lemma bool9: ((P::bool)  $\vee$  False) = P <proof>
lemma bool10: (False  $\vee$  (P::bool)) = P <proof>
lemmas boolarith = bool1 bool2 bool3 bool4 bool5 bool6 bool7 bool8 bool9 bool10

lemma if-case-eq: (if b then x else y) = (case b of True  $\Rightarrow$  x | False  $\Rightarrow$  y) <proof>

primrec pppt-spvec :: ('a::{lattice-ab-group-add}) spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
  where
    pppt-spvec [] = []
    | pppt-spvec (a#as) = (fst a, pppt (snd a)) # (pprt-spvec as)

primrec nppt-spvec :: ('a::{lattice-ab-group-add}) spvec  $\Rightarrow$  'a spvec
  where
    nppt-spvec [] = []
    | nppt-spvec (a#as) = (fst a, nppt (snd a)) # (nppt-spvec as)

primrec pppt-spmat :: ('a::{lattice-ab-group-add}) spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat
  where
    pppt-spmat [] = []
    | pppt-spmat (a#as) = (fst a, pppt-spvec (snd a))#(pprt-spmat as)

primrec nppt-spmat :: ('a::{lattice-ab-group-add}) spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat
  where
    nppt-spmat [] = []
    | nppt-spmat (a#as) = (fst a, nppt-spvec (snd a))#(nppt-spmat as)

```

```

lemma pppt-add: disj-matrices A (B::(-:lattice-ring) matrix)  $\implies$  pppt (A+B) =
pppt A + pppt B
⟨proof⟩

lemma nprt-add: disj-matrices A (B::(-:lattice-ring) matrix)  $\implies$  nprt (A+B) =
nprt A + nprt B
⟨proof⟩

lemma pppt-singleton[simp]:
fixes x:: -:lattice-ring
shows pppt (singleton-matrix j i x) = singleton-matrix j i (pppt x)
⟨proof⟩

lemma nprt-singleton[simp]:
fixes x:: -:lattice-ring
shows nprt (singleton-matrix j i x) = singleton-matrix j i (nppt x)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-vector-pppt:
fixes v:: -:lattice-ring spvec
shows sorted-spvec v  $\implies$  sparse-row-vector (pppt-spvec v) = pppt (sparse-row-vector
v)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-vector-nprt:
fixes v:: -:lattice-ring spvec
shows sorted-spvec v  $\implies$  sparse-row-vector (nppt-spvec v) = nprt (sparse-row-vector
v)
⟨proof⟩

lemma pppt-move-matrix: pppt (move-matrix (A::('a::lattice-ring) matrix) j i) =
move-matrix (pppt A) j i
⟨proof⟩

lemma nprt-move-matrix: nprt (move-matrix (A::('a::lattice-ring) matrix) j i) =
move-matrix (nppt A) j i
⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-matrix-pppt:
fixes m:: 'a::lattice-ring spmat
shows sorted-spvec m  $\implies$  sorted-spmat m  $\implies$  sparse-row-matrix (pppt-spmat
m) = pppt (sparse-row-matrix m)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sparse-row-matrix-nprt:
fixes m:: 'a::lattice-ring spmat

```

```

shows sorted-spvec m  $\implies$  sorted-spmat m  $\implies$  sorted-spmat m  $\implies$  sparse-row-matrix
(npert-spmat m) = npert (sparse-row-matrix m)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-pprt-spvec: sorted-spvec v  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (pprt-spvec v)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-npert-spvec: sorted-spvec v  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (npert-spvec v)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-pprt-spmat: sorted-spvec m  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (pprt-spmat m)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spvec-npert-spmat: sorted-spvec m  $\implies$  sorted-spvec (npert-spmat m)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spmat-pprt-spmat: sorted-spmat m  $\implies$  sorted-spmat (pprt-spmat m)
⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted-spmat-npert-spmat: sorted-spmat m  $\implies$  sorted-spmat (npert-spmat m)
⟨proof⟩

definition mult-est-spmat :: ('a::lattice-ring) spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a
spmat  $\Rightarrow$  'a spmat where
mult-est-spmat r1 r2 s1 s2 =
add-spmat (mult-spmat (pprt-spmat s2) (pprt-spmat r2)) (add-spmat (mult-spmat
(pprt-spmat s1) (npert-spmat r2))
(add-spmat (mult-spmat (npert-spmat s2) (pprt-spmat r1)) (mult-spmat (npert-spmat
s1) (npert-spmat r1)))))

lemmas sparse-row-matrix-op-simps =
sorted-sparse-matrix-imp-spmat sorted-sparse-matrix-imp-spvec
sparse-row-add-spmat sorted-spvec-add-spmat sorted-spmat-add-spmat
sparse-row-diff-spmat sorted-spvec-diff-spmat sorted-spmat-diff-spmat
sparse-row-matrix-minus sorted-spvec-minus-spmat sorted-spmat-minus-spmat
sparse-row-mult-spmat sorted-spvec-mult-spmat sorted-spmat-mult-spmat
sparse-row-matrix-abs sorted-spvec-abs-spmat sorted-spmat-abs-spmat
le-spmat-iff-sparse-row-le
sparse-row-matrix-pprt sorted-spvec-pprt-spmat sorted-spmat-pprt-spmat
sparse-row-matrix-nprt sorted-spvec-nprt-spmat sorted-spmat-nprt-spmat

lemmas sparse-row-matrix-arith-simps =
mult-spmat.simps mult-spvec-spmat.simps
addmult-spvec.simps
smult-spvec-empty smult-spvec-cons
add-spmat.simps add-spvec.simps
minus-spmat.simps minus-spvec.simps

```

```

abs-spmat.simps abs-spvec.simps
diff-spmat-def
le-spmat.simps le-spvec.simps
pprt-spmat.simps pppt-spvec.simps
nppt-spmat.simps nppt-spvec.simps
mult-est-spmat-def

```

**end**

```

theory LP
imports Main HOL-Library.Lattice-Algebras
begin

```

```

lemma le-add-right-mono:
assumes
 $a \leq b + (c::'a::ordered-ab-group-add)$ 
 $c \leq d$ 
shows  $a \leq b + d$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma linprog-dual-estimate:
assumes
 $A * x \leq (b::'a::lattice-ring)$ 
 $0 \leq y$ 
 $|A - A'| \leq \delta \cdot A$ 
 $b \leq b'$ 
 $|c - c'| \leq \delta \cdot c$ 
 $|x| \leq r$ 
shows
 $c * x \leq y * b' + (y * \delta \cdot A + |y * A' - c'| + \delta \cdot c) * r$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma le-ge-imp-abs-diff-1:
assumes
 $A1 \leq (A::'a::lattice-ring)$ 
 $A \leq A2$ 
shows  $|A - A1| \leq A2 - A1$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma mult-le-prts:
assumes
 $a1 \leq (a::'a::lattice-ring)$ 
 $a \leq a2$ 
 $b1 \leq b$ 
 $b \leq b2$ 

```

```

shows

$$a * b \leq pppt a2 * pppt b2 + pppt a1 * nppt b2 + nppt a2 * pppt b1 + nppt a1$$


$$* nppt b1$$


$$\langle proof \rangle$$


lemma mult-le-dual-prts:
assumes

$$A * x \leq (b::'a::lattice-ring)$$


$$0 \leq y$$


$$A1 \leq A$$


$$A \leq A2$$


$$c1 \leq c$$


$$c \leq c2$$


$$r1 \leq x$$


$$x \leq r2$$

shows

$$c * x \leq y * b + (let s1 = c1 - y * A2; s2 = c2 - y * A1 in pppt s2 * pppt r2$$


$$+ pppt s1 * nppt r2 + nppt s2 * pppt r1 + nppt s1 * nppt r1)$$


$$(\text{is } - \leq - + ?C)$$


$$\langle proof \rangle$$


end

```

## 1 Floating Point Representation of the Reals

```

theory ComputeFloat
imports Complex-Main HOL-Library.Lattice-Algebras
begin


$$\langle ML \rangle$$


```

```

definition int-of-real :: real  $\Rightarrow$  int
where int-of-real  $x = (\text{SOME } y. \text{real-of-int } y = x)$ 

definition real-is-int :: real  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where real-is-int  $x = (\exists (u::int). x = \text{real-of-int } u)$ 

lemma real-is-int-def2: real-is-int  $x = (x = \text{real-of-int} (\text{int-of-real } x))$ 

$$\langle proof \rangle$$


lemma real-is-int-real[simp]: real-is-int (real-of-int (x::int))

$$\langle proof \rangle$$


lemma int-of-real-real[simp]: int-of-real (real-of-int x) = x

$$\langle proof \rangle$$


lemma real-int-of-real[simp]: real-is-int x  $\implies$  real-of-int (int-of-real x) = x

$$\langle proof \rangle$$


```

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-add-int-of-real*: *real-is-int a*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int b*  $\Rightarrow$  (*int-of-real* (*a+b*)) = (*int-of-real a*) + (*int-of-real b*)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-add[simp]*: *real-is-int a*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int b*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int (a+b)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-of-real-sub*: *real-is-int a*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int b*  $\Rightarrow$  (*int-of-real (a-b)*) = (*int-of-real a*) - (*int-of-real b*)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-sub[simp]*: *real-is-int a*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int b*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int (a-b)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-rep*: *real-is-int x*  $\Rightarrow$   $\exists!(a::int).$  *real-of-int a = x*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-of-real-mult*:  
  **assumes** *real-is-int a real-is-int b*  
  **shows** (*int-of-real (a\*b)*) = (*int-of-real a*) \* (*int-of-real b*)  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-mult[simp]*: *real-is-int a*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int b*  $\Rightarrow$  *real-is-int (a\*b)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-0[simp]*: *real-is-int (0::real)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-1[simp]*: *real-is-int (1::real)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-n1*: *real-is-int (-1::real)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-numeral[simp]*: *real-is-int (numeral x)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *real-is-int-neg-numeral[simp]*: *real-is-int (- numeral x)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-of-real-0[simp]*: *int-of-real (0::real) = (0::int)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-of-real-1[simp]*: *int-of-real (1::real) = (1::int)*  
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-of-real-numeral[simp]*: *int-of-real (numeral b) = numeral b*

$\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-of-real-neg-numeral[simp]*:  $\text{int-of-real} (- \text{ numeral } b) = - \text{ numeral } b$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-div-zdiv*:  $\text{int} (a \text{ div } b) = (\text{int } a) \text{ div } (\text{int } b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-mod-zmod*:  $\text{int} (a \text{ mod } b) = (\text{int } a) \text{ mod } (\text{int } b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *abs-div-2-less*:  $a \neq 0 \implies a \neq -1 \implies |(a::\text{int}) \text{ div } 2| < |a|$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *norm-0-1*:  $(1::\text{-numeral}) = \text{Numeral1}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *add-left-zero*:  $0 + a = (a::'\text{a}::\text{comm-monoid-add})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *add-right-zero*:  $a + 0 = (a::'\text{a}::\text{comm-monoid-add})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mult-left-one*:  $1 * a = (a::'\text{a}::\text{semiring-1})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *mult-right-one*:  $a * 1 = (a::'\text{a}::\text{semiring-1})$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-pow-0*:  $(a::\text{int})^{\wedge}0 = 1$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *int-pow-1*:  $(a::\text{int})^{\wedge}(\text{Numeral1}) = a$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *one-eq-Numeral1-nring*:  $(1::'\text{a}::\text{numeral}) = \text{Numeral1}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *one-eq-Numeral1-nat*:  $(1::\text{nat}) = \text{Numeral1}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *zpower-Pls*:  $(z::\text{int})^{\wedge}0 = \text{Numeral1}$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *fst-cong*:  $a = a' \implies \text{fst } (a, b) = \text{fst } (a', b)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

**lemma** *snd-cong*:  $b = b' \implies \text{snd } (a, b) = \text{snd } (a, b')$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma lift-bool:  $x \Rightarrow x = \text{True}$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma nlift-bool:  $\sim x \Rightarrow x = \text{False}$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma not-false-eq-true:  $(\sim \text{False}) = \text{True} \langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma not-true-eq-false:  $(\sim \text{True}) = \text{False} \langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemmas powerarith = nat-numeral power-numeral-even
power-numeral-odd zpower-Pls

definition float ::  $(\text{int} \times \text{int}) \Rightarrow \text{real}$  where
  float =  $(\lambda(a, b). \text{real-of-int } a * 2^{\text{powr}} \text{real-of-int } b)$ 

lemma float-add-l0: float (0, e) + x = x
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-add-r0: x + float (0, e) = x
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-add:
  float (a1, e1) + float (a2, e2) =
  (if  $e1 \leq e2$  then float (a1+a2* $2^{(\text{nat}(e2-e1))}$ , e1) else float (a1* $2^{(\text{nat}(e1-e2))}$ +a2, e2))
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-mult-l0: float (0, e) * x = float (0, 0)
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-mult-r0: x * float (0, e) = float (0, 0)
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-mult:
  float (a1, e1) * float (a2, e2) = (float (a1 * a2, e1 + e2))
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-minus:
  - (float (a,b)) = float (-a, b)
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma zero-le-float:
  ( $0 \leq \text{float } (a,b)$ ) = ( $0 \leq a$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma float-le-zero:
  ( $\text{float } (a,b) \leq 0$ ) = ( $a \leq 0$ )

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma float-abs:
|float (a,b)| = (if 0 <= a then (float (a,b)) else (float (-a,b)))
⟨proof⟩

lemma float-zero:
float (0, b) = 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma float-pprt:
pprt (float (a, b)) = (if 0 <= a then (float (a,b)) else (float (0, b)))
⟨proof⟩

lemma float-nprt:
nprt (float (a, b)) = (if 0 <= a then (float (0,b)) else (float (a, b)))
⟨proof⟩

definition lbound :: real ⇒ real
where lbound x = min 0 x

definition ubound :: real ⇒ real
where ubound x = max 0 x

lemma lbound: lbound x ≤ x
⟨proof⟩

lemma ubound: x ≤ ubound x
⟨proof⟩

lemma pppt-lbound: pppt (lbound x) = float (0, 0)
⟨proof⟩

lemma nppt-ubound: nppt (ubound x) = float (0, 0)
⟨proof⟩

lemmas floatarith[simplified norm-0-1] = float-add float-add-l0 float-add-r0 float-mult
float-mult-l0 float-mult-r0
float-minus float-abs zero-le-float float-pprt float-nprt pppt-lbound nppt-ubound

lemmas arith = arith-simps rel-simps diff-nat-numeral nat-0
nat-neg-numeral powerarith floatarith not-false-eq-true not-true-eq-false

⟨ML⟩

end

```

```

theory Compute-Oracle imports HOL.HOL
begin

⟨ML⟩

end

theory ComputeHOL
imports Complex-Main Compute-Oracle/Compute-Oracle
begin

lemma Trueprop-eq-eq: Trueprop X == (X == True) ⟨proof⟩
lemma meta-eq-trivial: x == y ==> x == y ⟨proof⟩
lemma meta-eq-imp-eq: x == y ==> x = y ⟨proof⟩
lemma eq-trivial: x = y ==> x = y ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool-to-true: x :: bool ==> x == True ⟨proof⟩
lemma transmeta-1: x = y ==> y == z ==> x = z ⟨proof⟩
lemma transmeta-2: x == y ==> y = z ==> x = z ⟨proof⟩
lemma transmeta-3: x == y ==> y == z ==> x = z ⟨proof⟩

lemma If-True: If True = (λ x y. x) ⟨proof⟩
lemma If-False: If False = (λ x y. y) ⟨proof⟩

lemmas compute-if = If-True If-False

lemma bool1: (¬ True) = False ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool2: (¬ False) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool3: (P ∧ True) = P ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool4: (True ∧ P) = P ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool5: (P ∧ False) = False ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool6: (False ∧ P) = False ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool7: (P ∨ True) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool8: (True ∨ P) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool9: (P ∨ False) = P ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool10: (False ∨ P) = P ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool11: (True → P) = P ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool12: (P → True) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool13: (True → P) = P ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool14: (P → False) = (¬ P) ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool15: (False → P) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool16: (False = False) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool17: (True = True) = True ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool18: (False = True) = False ⟨proof⟩
lemma bool19: (True = False) = False ⟨proof⟩

```

```
lemmas compute-bool = bool1 bool2 bool3 bool4 bool5 bool6 bool7 bool8 bool9 bool10  
bool11 bool12 bool13 bool14 bool15 bool16 bool17 bool18 bool19
```

```
lemma compute-fst: fst (x,y) = x <proof>  
lemma compute-snd: snd (x,y) = y <proof>  
lemma compute-pair-eq: ((a, b) = (c, d)) = (a = c ∧ b = d) <proof>
```

```
lemma case-prod-simp: case-prod f (x,y) = f x y <proof>
```

```
lemmas compute-pair = compute-fst compute-snd compute-pair-eq case-prod-simp
```

```
lemma compute-the: the (Some x) = x <proof>  
lemma compute-None-Some-eq: (None = Some x) = False <proof>  
lemma compute-Some-None-eq: (Some x = None) = False <proof>  
lemma compute-None-None-eq: (None = None) = True <proof>  
lemma compute-Some-Some-eq: (Some x = Some y) = (x = y) <proof>
```

```
definition case-option-compute :: 'b option ⇒ 'a ⇒ ('b ⇒ 'a) ⇒ 'a  
  where case-option-compute opt a f = case-option a f opt
```

```
lemma case-option-compute: case-option = (λ a f opt. case-option-compute opt a  
f)  
<proof>
```

```
lemma case-option-compute-None: case-option-compute None = (λ a f. a)  
<proof>
```

```
lemma case-option-compute-Some: case-option-compute (Some x) = (λ a f. f x)  
<proof>
```

```
lemmas compute-case-option = case-option-compute case-option-compute-None case-option-compute-Some
```

```
lemmas compute-option = compute-the compute-None-Some-eq compute-Some-None-eq  
compute-None-None-eq compute-Some-Some-eq compute-case-option
```

```
lemma length-cons:length (x#xs) = 1 + (length xs)  
<proof>
```

```
lemma length-nil: length [] = 0  
<proof>
```

```
lemmas compute-list-length = length-nil length-cons
```

```

definition case-list-compute :: 'b list  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  ('b  $\Rightarrow$  'b list  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  where case-list-compute l a f = case-list a f l

lemma case-list-compute: case-list = ( $\lambda$  (a::'a) f (l::'b list). case-list-compute l a f)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma case-list-compute-empty: case-list-compute ([]::'b list) = ( $\lambda$  (a::'a) f. a)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma case-list-compute-cons: case-list-compute (u#v) = ( $\lambda$  (a::'a) f. (f (u::'b v)))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemmas compute-case-list = case-list-compute case-list-compute-empty case-list-compute-cons

lemma compute-list-nth: ((x#xs) ! n) = (if n = 0 then x else (xs ! (n - 1)))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemmas compute-list = compute-case-list compute-list-length compute-list-nth

lemmas compute-let = Let-def

lemmas compute-hol = compute-if compute-bool compute-pair compute-option compute-list compute-let
   $\langle ML \rangle$ 

end
theory ComputeNumeral
imports ComputeHOL ComputeFloat
begin

lemmas biteq = eq-num-simps

```

```

lemmas bitless = less-num-simps

lemmas bitle = le-num-simps

lemmas bitadd = add-num-simps

lemmas bitmul = mult-num-simps

lemmas bitarith = arith-simps

lemmas natnorm = one-eq-Numeral1-nat

fun natfac :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat
  where natfac n = (if n = 0 then 1 else n * (natfac (n - 1)))

lemmas compute-natarith =
  arith-simps rel-simps
  diff-nat-numeral nat-numeral nat-0 nat-neg-numeral
  numeral-One [symmetric]
  numeral-1-eq-Suc-0 [symmetric]
  Suc-numeral natfac.simps

lemmas number-norm = numeral-One[symmetric]

lemmas compute-numberarith =
  arith-simps rel-simps number-norm

lemmas compute-num-conversions =
  of-nat-numeral of-nat-0
  nat-numeral nat-0 nat-neg-numeral
  of-int-numeral of-int-neg-numeral of-int-0

lemmas zpowerarith = power-numeral-even power-numeral-odd zpower-Pls int-pow-1

lemmas compute-div-mod = div-0 mod-0 div-by-0 mod-by-0 div-by-1 mod-by-1
  one-div-numeral one-mod-numeral minus-one-div-numeral minus-one-mod-numeral
  one-div-minus-numeral one-mod-minus-numeral
  numeral-div-numeral numeral-mod-numeral minus-numeral-div-numeral minus-numeral-mod-numeral
  numeral-div-minus-numeral numeral-mod-minus-numeral
  div-minus-minus mod-minus-minus Parity.adjust-div-eq of-bool-eq one-neq-zero
  numeral-neq-zero neg-equal-0-iff-equal arith-simps arith-special divmod-trivial

```

*divmod-steps divmod-cancel divmod-step-def fst-conv snd-conv numeral-One  
 case-prod-beta rel-simps Parity.adjust-mod-def div-minus1-right mod-minus1-right  
 minus-minus numeral-times-numeral mult-zero-right mult-1-right*

```

lemma even-0-int: even (0::int) = True
⟨proof⟩

lemma even-One-int: even (numeral Num.One :: int) = False
⟨proof⟩

lemma even-Bit0-int: even (numeral (Num.Bit0 x) :: int) = True
⟨proof⟩

lemma even-Bit1-int: even (numeral (Num.Bit1 x) :: int) = False
⟨proof⟩

lemmas compute-even = even-0-int even-One-int even-Bit0-int even-Bit1-int

lemmas compute-numeral = compute-if compute-let compute-pair compute-bool
compute-natarith compute-numberarith max-def min-def
compute-num-conversions zpowerarith compute-div-mod compute-even

end

theory Cplex
imports SparseMatrix LP ComputeFloat ComputeNumeral
begin

⟨ML⟩

lemma spm-mult-le-dual-prts:
assumes
sorted-sparse-matrix A1
sorted-sparse-matrix A2
sorted-sparse-matrix c1
sorted-sparse-matrix c2
sorted-sparse-matrix y
sorted-sparse-matrix r1
sorted-sparse-matrix r2
sorted-spvec b
le-spmat [] y
sparse-row-matrix A1 ≤ A
A ≤ sparse-row-matrix A2
sparse-row-matrix c1 ≤ c
c ≤ sparse-row-matrix c2

```

```

sparse-row-matrix r1  $\leq$  x
x  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix r2
A * x  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix (b::('a::lattice-ring) spmat)
shows
c * x  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix (add-spmat (mult-spmat y b)
(let s1 = diff-spmat c1 (mult-spmat y A2); s2 = diff-spmat c2 (mult-spmat y
A1) in
add-spmat (mult-spmat (pprt-spmat s2) (pprt-spmat r2)) (add-spmat (mult-spmat
(pprt-spmat s1) (npert-spmat r2)))
(add-spmat (mult-spmat (npert-spmat s2) (pprt-spmat r1)) (mult-spmat (npert-spmat
s1) (npert-spmat r1))))))
⟨proof⟩

lemma spm-mult-le-dual-prts-no-let:
assumes
sorted-sparse-matrix A1
sorted-sparse-matrix A2
sorted-sparse-matrix c1
sorted-sparse-matrix c2
sorted-sparse-matrix y
sorted-sparse-matrix r1
sorted-sparse-matrix r2
sorted-spvec b
le-spmat [] y
sparse-row-matrix A1  $\leq$  A
A  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix A2
sparse-row-matrix c1  $\leq$  c
c  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix c2
sparse-row-matrix r1  $\leq$  x
x  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix r2
A * x  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix (b::('a::lattice-ring) spmat)
shows
c * x  $\leq$  sparse-row-matrix (add-spmat (mult-spmat y b)
(mult-est-spmat r1 r2 (diff-spmat c1 (mult-spmat y A2)) (diff-spmat c2 (mult-spmat
y A1))))))
⟨proof⟩

⟨ML⟩

end

```